Homer, New York

FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Education Homer Central School District Homer, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Homer Central School District (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, Schedule of Changes in the School District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedules of School District Contributions - NYSLRS and NYSTRS Pension Plans, and the Schedules of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability, and related notes on pages 4-41 and 47-56 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit, Schedule of Project Expenditures - Capital Projects Fund, and Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets (supplementary information) on pages 57-59 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplementary information and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 13, 2020 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

nseror G. CPA, LUP

Insero & Co. CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants

Ithaca, New York October 13, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

The following is a discussion and analysis of Homer Central School District's (the School District) financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This section is a summary of the School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions. It is also based on both the District-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The School District ended the year with a total net position deficit of \$11,596,356, an increase in net deficit of \$4,697,724 from the prior year. Year end net position was composed of \$10,591,406 in restricted, \$28,833,143 in net investment in capital assets, and \$51,020,905 in an unrestricted deficit. The unrestricted deficit increased \$5,655,702 compared to the prior year. The unrestricted deficit at June 30, 2020 is primarily attributable to recognition of the net accumulated other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability of \$57,173,336.
- Expenses exceeded revenues by \$4,697,724 in 2020, compared to revenues exceeding expenses by \$378,719 in 2019.
- The School District had \$25,064,667 in outstanding debt at year end, a decrease of \$2,625,261 from the prior year; primarily due to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt.
- Capital asset additions during 2020 amounted to \$1,324,466 for the purchase of equipment and construction in progress expenditures. Depreciation expense was \$2,639,979 for the current year.
- General Fund budgeted expenditures, including carry-over encumbrances, and other financing uses, were underspent by \$1,947,709. General Fund revenues and other financing sources were less than budgeted amounts by \$1,127,595. These differences were primarily the result of COVID-19, and the resulting School District closures.
- Total General Fund balance, including reserves, was \$7,451,390 at June 30, 2020. Unassigned fund balance amounted to \$1,653,141 which was subject to and below the maximum limit (4% of 2020-2021 appropriations) permitted under New York State Real Property Tax Law.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

• Changes in enrollment - As the schedule below indicates, enrollment over the past several years peaked in 2000-2001. Recent kindergarten enrollments indicate a slight annual decline.

School Year	Enrollment
2000-2001	2,464
2001-2002	2,431
2002-2003	2,427
2003-2004	2,363
2004-2005	2,318
2005-2006	2,275
2006-2007	2,265
2007-2008	2,201
2008-2009	2,215
2009-2010	2,169
2010-2011	2,202
2011-2012	2,154
2012-2013	2,098
2013-2014	2,139
2014-2015	2,036
2015-2016	2,041
2016-2017	2,036
2017-2018	1,899
2018-2019	1,917
2019-2020	1,888

• Known changes in state aid - Estimating state aid has become a nearly impossible task for school districts during the last several years. The School District had an increase in state aid for 2019-2020. It is difficult for the New York State to support public education in the wake of fiscal distress in the economy and natural disasters throughout the nation. Increases in retirement and health insurance costs continue to stress our ability to provide educational programming for our children.

The School District is a labor-intensive enterprise, and the cost of benefits continues to out-pace the inflation rate. State aid continues to lag behind School District expenses.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

Below is a detail of the School District's budget, New York State aid, and required property tax levy to meet the budget.

Year	Budget	State Aid	Levy
2001-2002	\$25,433,397	\$14,226,684	\$8,698,930
2002-2003	28,434,163	16,326,691	9,477,860
2003-2004	28,366,636	15,079,697	10,828,620
2004-2005	29,397,295	15,802,920	11,529,815
2005-2006	31,165,450	16,556,920	12,215,850
2006-2007	33,261,250	18,011,890	12,927,370
2007-2008	36,162,815	19,361,255	13,419,900
2008-2009	37,198,050	20,292,070	13,969,410
2009-2010	40,078,343	20,553,032	13,969,410
2010-2011	38,286,495	18,378,786	14,282,650
2011-2012	39,846,943	18,461,864	14,865,845
2012-2013	38,830,951	19,054,452	15,240,767
2013-2014	39,145,840	19,724,559	15,697,990
2014-2015	38,997,379	20,011,844	15,933,460
2015-2016	39,570,810	21,599,969	15,933,460
2016-2017	41,886,438	22,999,294	15,933,460
2017-2018	40,884,142	23,068,409	15,933,460
2018-2019	42,055,168	23,690,247	16,235,856
2019-2020	43,220,650	23,944,270	16,544,929

Textbook, computer software, and library material aid have remained stagnant for many years. As program requirements for students increase in the classroom and libraries, New York State has reneged on the level of funding for textbooks and library materials identified several years ago. New York State has encouraged school districts to share services in an effort to reduce costs. The School District participates in the Central Business Office through OCM BOCES for its business office functions. The services include the positions of School District Treasurer, Payroll Clerk, and Accounts Payable Clerk. The School District also shares its Transportation Supervisor with a nearby district.

The implementation of rules commonly referred to as the NYS Tax Cap Law during 2011-2012 introduced a level of complication to the School District's tax levy process as well as restrictions on its ability to raise revenue to support educational programs. The School District's residents have continued to be supportive through the difficult times.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

Year	Levy Amount	Increase
Terr I. ever 2002, 2002		9.050/
Tax Levy 2002-2003	\$ 9,477,860	8.95%
Tax Levy 2003-2004	10,828,620	14.25%
Tax Levy 2004-2005	11,529,815	6.48%
Tax Levy 2005-2006	12,215,850	5.95%
Tax Levy 2006-2007	12,927,370	5.82%
Tax Levy 2007-2008	13,419,900	3.81%
Tax Levy 2008-2009	13,969,410	4.09%
Tax Levy 2009-2010	13,969,410	0.00%
Tax Levy 2010-2011	14,282,650	2.24%
Tax Levy 2011-2012	14,865,845	4.08%
Tax Levy 2012-2013	15,240,767	2.52%
Tax Levy 2013-2014	15,697,990	3.00%
Tax Levy 2014-2015	15,933,460	1.50%
Tax Levy 2015-2016	15,933,460	0.00%
Tax Levy 2016-2017	15,933,460	0.00%
Tax Levy 2017-2018	15,933,460	0.00%
Tax Levy 2018-2019	16,235,856	1.90%
Tax Levy 2019-2020	16,544,929	1.90%

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: MD&A (this section), the basic financial statements, and supplementary information, both required and not required. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School District.

- The first two statements are District-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the School District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are Governmental Fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the School District, reporting the School District's operations in greater detail than the Districtwide financial statements. The Governmental Fund financial statements concentrate on the School District's most significant funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the School District's budget for the year, a Schedule of School District Contributions - NYSLRS and NYSTRS Pension Plans, the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability, and Changes in the School District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

District-Wide Financial Statements

The District-wide financial statements report information about the School District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies.

The Statement of Net Position includes all of the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide financial statements report the School District's net position and how they have changed. Net position (the difference between the School District's assets, deferred outflows and inflows of financial resources and liabilities) is one way to measure the School District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the School District's overall health, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the School District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the District-wide financial statements, the School District's activities are shown as Governmental Activities. Most of the School District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and state formula aid finance most of these activities.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "Major" Funds - not the School District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the School District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. The School District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds: Most of the School District's basic services are included in Governmental Funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the Governmental Funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide financial statements, additional information following the Governmental Funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary Funds: The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the Scholarship Fund and the Student Activities Funds. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The School District excludes these activities from the District-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The School District's combined net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 decreased by \$4,697,724. Our analysis below focuses on the net position (*Figure 1*) and changes in net position (*Figure 2*) of the School District's Governmental Activities.

	(Governmental	Total Dollar	
Condensed Statement of Net Position		Total Scho	Change	
		2019	2020	2019 - 2020
Current Assets	\$	6,426,458	\$ 5,084,627	\$ (1,341,831)
Noncurrent Assets		11,910,305	12,923,342	1,013,037
Capital Assets, Net		54,768,640	53,560,496	(1,208,144)
Total Assets		73,105,403	71,568,465	(1,536,938)
Deferred Charges on Defeased Debt		473,559	337,314	(136,245)
Pensions		9,677,777	9,723,496	45,719
OPEB			11,991,780	11,991,780
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		9,677,777	22,052,590	12,037,499
Current Liabilities		6,994,676	6,190,318	(804,358)
Noncurrent Liabilities		72,200,130	88,302,855	16,102,725
Total Liabilities		79,194,806	94,493,173	15,298,367
Pensions		2,400,136	3,300,295	900,159
OPEB		8,560,429	7,423,943	(1,136,486)
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		10,960,565	10,724,238	(236,327)
Net Investment in Capital Assets		27,552,271	28,833,143	1,280,872
Restricted		10,914,300	10,591,406	(322,894)
Unrestricted		(45,365,203)	(51,020,905)	(5,655,702)
Total Net (Deficit)	\$	(6,898,632)	\$ (11,596,356)	\$ (4,697,724)

Figure 1

The decrease in current assets is primarily a result of decreases in the current portion of unrestricted and restricted cash, as well as a decrease in prepaid expenses. The increase in noncurrent assets is a result of an increase in the noncurrent portion of restricted cash and an increase in the net pension asset proportionate share. The decrease in net capital assets stems from depreciation expense exceeding capital asset additions in 2020.

Current liabilities decreased primarily due to the repayment of a short-term bond anticipation note. Increases in noncurrent liabilities are in large part due to the increase of the School District's other postemployment benefits liability and the long-term portion of installment purchase debt.

The changes in the deferred inflows of resources - pensions, and the deferred outflows of resources - pensions, are related to changes in the actuarially determined proportionate share of the School District's net pension asset/liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources for the pension plans recognized under Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

Additional changes in noncurrent liabilities, deferred outflows of resources - other postemployment benefits, and deferred inflows of resources - other postemployment benefits, are due to actuarially determined changes in the future costs of plan benefits recognized under GASB Statement No. 75.

Deferred outflows - deferred charges on defeased debt decreased based on the regular amortization of deferred charges.

Net investment in capital assets increased due to current year capital asset additions and reductions in bonds payable in excess of depreciation expense. Restricted resources decreased primarily based on the reduction of restricted fund balances within both the Debt Service Fund and School Lunch Fund.

Our analysis in *Figure 2* considers the operations of the School District's activities.

	(Governmental Activities and				otal Dollar	
Changes in Net Position		Total Scho		Change			
		2019		2020	2019 - 2020		
REVENUES							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$	486,033	\$	309,399	\$	(176,634)	
Operating Grants		1,667,420		1,850,489		183,069	
General Revenues:							
Real Property Taxes		13,884,413		14,328,100		443,687	
Real Property Tax Items		2,420,554		2,284,591		(135,963)	
Unrestricted State Sources		23,859,413		24,059,895		200,482	
Use of Money and Property		112,644		101,742		(10,902)	
Other General Revenues		779,618		496,163		(283,455)	
Total Revenues	\$	43,210,095	\$	43,430,379	\$	220,284	
PROGRAM EXPENSES			Γ				
General Support	\$	4,367,039	\$	4,957,044	\$	590,005	
Instruction		34,020,029		38,568,828		4,548,799	
Pupil Transportation		2,392,350		2,650,366		258,016	
Community Service		27,824		32,429		4,605	
School Lunch Program		1,028,063		1,064,293		36,230	
Interest on Debt		996,071		855,143		(140,928)	
Total Expenses	\$	42,831,376	\$	48,128,103	\$	5,296,727	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	378,719	\$	(4,697,724)	\$	(5,076,443)	

Figure 2

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

Total revenues for the School District's governmental activities increased 0.5%, while total expenses increased 12.4%. The increase in total expenses is primarily due to increases in both pension and OPEB expense in comparison to expenses recorded in the prior year. The increase in revenue is due to increases in the School District's tax levy and lottery state aid received.

Figures 3 and 4 show the sources of revenue for 2020 and 2019.

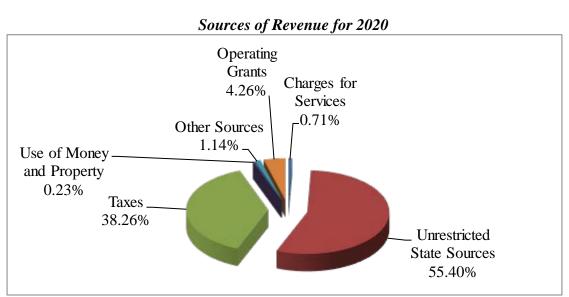
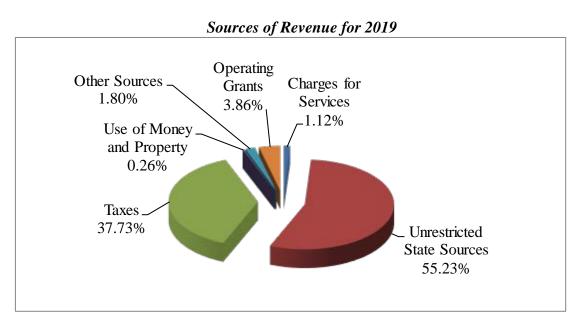


Figure 3

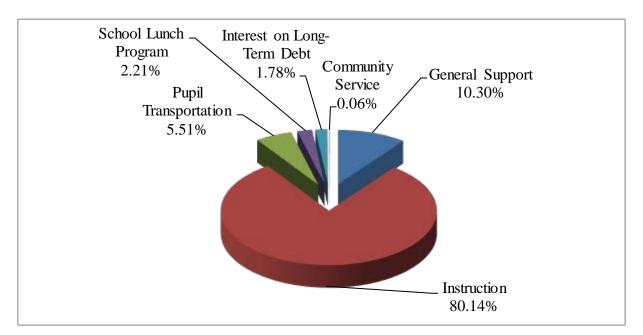




MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

Figures 5 and 6 present the cost of each of the School District's programs for 2020 and 2019.

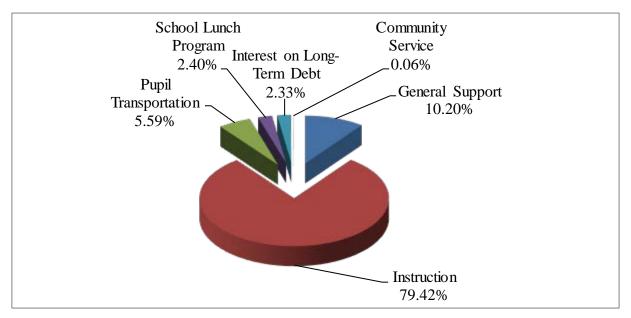
Figure 5



Cost of Programs for 2020

Figure 6

Cost of Programs for 2019



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Figure 7 shows the changes in fund balance for the year for the School District's funds. The School District experienced a decrease of 0.9% in total fund balance, which is primarily attributable to a fund balance decrease in the General Fund and Debt Service Fund offset by the conversion of short-term financing to long-term within the Capital Projects Fund.

Figure	7
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Governmental Fund Balances	2019	2020	otal Dollar Change 2019-2020
General Fund	\$ 7,881,888	\$ 7,451,390	\$ (430,498)
School Lunch Fund	171,733	80,860	(90,873)
Debt Service Fund	5,766,270	5,473,189	(293,081)
Capital Projects Fund	(628,854)	64,691	693,545
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 13,191,037	\$ 13,070,130	\$ (120,907)

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Transfers made at year-end to balance the budget are caused by unforeseeable under-budgeting in a given code. When transfers into a code are necessary for three consecutive years, the situation is addressed in the following year's budget development process.

After considering these adjustments, actual charges to appropriations (expenditures) were below final budget amounts by \$1,947,709, including carry-over encumbrances.

Figure 8 summarizes the original and final budgets, the actual expenditures (including encumbrances) and variances for the year ended June 30, 2020.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

Condensed Budgetary Comparison General Fund - 2020	Original Budget		k	Revised Budget		Actual w/ Encumbrances		Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance
REVENUES								
Real Property Taxes	\$	14,274,750	\$	14,274,750	\$	14,328,100	\$	53,350
Other Tax Items		2,340,154		2,340,154		2,284,591		(55,563)
State Sources		25,020,143		25,020,143		23,944,270		(1,075,873)
Federal Sources		47,674		47,674		33,772		(13,902)
Miscellaneous		549,695		549,695		514,088		(35,607)
Other, Including Financing Sources		308,234		308,234		308,234		-
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	42,540,650	\$	42,540,650	\$	41,413,055	\$	(1,127,595)
Appropriated Fund Balances and Encumbrances	\$	1,374,881	\$	1,374,881				
EXPENDITURES								
General Support	\$	3,950,809	\$	4,102,057	\$	3,901,867	\$	200,190
Instruction		23,441,797		23,282,361		22,279,511		1,002,850
Pupil Transportation		2,302,108		2,139,467		1,794,218		345,249
Community Service		-		18,741		18,741		-
Employee Benefits		9,897,517		9,830,959		9,431,539		399,420
Debt Service		4,223,300		4,400,740		4,400,740		-
Other Financing Uses		100,000		141,206		141,206		-
Total Expenditures and Other Financing (Uses)	\$	43,915,531	\$	43,915,531	\$	41,967,822	\$	1,947,709

Figure 8

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2020, the School District has invested in a broad range of capital assets totaling \$84,937,047 offset by accumulated depreciation of \$31,376,551. Figure 9 shows the changes in the School District's capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

Figure 9

Changes in Capital Assets	2019	2020			Fotal Dollar Change 2019 - 2020
Land	\$ 49,400	\$	49,400	\$	-
Construction in Progress	2,063,927		2,063,927		-
Buildings, Net	52,378,751		50,013,424		(2,365,327)
Equipment, Net	276,562		1,433,745		1,157,183
Total	\$ 54,768,640	\$	53,560,496	\$	(1,208,144)

\$ 100,000
 1,224,466
1,324,466
107,369
(2,639,979)
\$ (1,208,144)

Debt Administration

Figure 10 shows the changes in the School District's outstanding debt. Total indebtedness represented 26.68% of the constitutional debt limit, exclusive of building aid estimates.

Outstanding Debt	G	Governmental Activities and Total School District			Total Dollar Change	
		2019		2020		2019-2020
Serial Bonds, Net	\$	26,996,383	\$	24,271,612	\$	(2,724,771)
Bond Anticipation Notes		693,545		-		(693,545)
Installment Debt, Net		-		793,055		793,055
Total	\$	27,689,928	\$	25,064,667	\$	(2,625,261)

Figure 10

Additional information on the maturities and terms of the School District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to these financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUTURE

Priorities addressed in year five of Homer Central School District's Strategic Management Plan will play a significant role in determining the School District's financial future.

Energy Performance Project

The Homer Central School District is in the process of finalizing NYSED approval for their Energy Performance Project. The District will work with Bond Counsel to secure funding in the Fall of 2020. Possible project commencement would begin in the Winter of 2020.

Capital Outlay Projects

In 2019-20, the School District used project money to focus on HVAC improvements at the Homer Bus Garage. For the 2020-21 school year, the District will focus on completion of the HVAC improvements through the Capital Outlay Project. The Capital Outlay Projects are 100% aidable through NYS Education Funding.

Financial Management

The Homer Central School District maintains an AA- rating from Standard and Poor's.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the Homer Central School District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to demonstrate the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Homer Central School District, at P.O Box 500, Homer, New York.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS

Current Assets	
Cash - Unrestricted	\$ 2,908,166
Cash - Restricted	15,379
Receivables:	
State and Federal Aid	1,862,597
Due from Other Governments	199
Other	276,972
Inventories	21,314
Total Current Assets	5,084,627
Noncurrent Assets	
Restricted Cash	10,531,860
Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share	2,391,482
Capital Assets, Net:	
Land and Construction in Progress	2,113,327
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	51,447,169
Total Noncurrent Assets	66,483,838
Total Assets	71,568,465
DEFERRED OUFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Charges on Defeased Debt	337,314
Pensions	9,723,496
OPEB	11,991,780
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	22 052 500
Total Deletted Outnows of Resources	22,052,590
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Payables:	
Accounts Payable	843,569
Accrued Liabilities	15,202
Due to Other Governments	7
Bond Interest and Matured Bonds	105,116
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	1,493,974
Due to Employees' Retirement System	117,772
Compensated Absences Payable	55,076
Unearned Revenues	20,757
Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:	<u> </u>
Bonds Payable	3,386,756
Installment Debt Payable	152,089
Total Current Liabilities	6,190,318

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) JUNE 30, 2020

Noncurrent Liabilities and Obligations	
Bonds Payable	\$ 20,884,856
Installment Debt Payable	640,966
Compensated Absences Payable	2,348,335
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	61,741,173
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share	2,687,525
Total Noncurrent Liabilities and Obligations	88,302,855
Total Liabilities	94,493,173
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pensions	3,300,295
OPEB	7,423,943
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,724,238
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	28,833,143
Restricted	10,591,406
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(51,020,905)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (11,596,356)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Pro	ogram Revenue	s	Net (Expense) Revenue and
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants	Capital Grants	Changes in Net Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS					
General Support	\$ 4,957,044	\$ 15,476	\$	\$	\$ (4,941,568)
Instruction	38,568,828	39,927	1,207,753		(37,321,148)
Pupil Transportation	2,650,366	17,624			(2,632,742)
Community Services	32,429				(32,429)
School Lunch Program	1,064,293	236,372	642,736		(185,185)
Interest on Debt	855,143				(855,143)
	ф <u>40</u> 1 <u>20</u> 102	¢ 200 200	¢1 0 5 0 400	φ.	(45.060.015)
Total Functions and Programs	\$ 48,128,103	\$ 309,399	\$1,850,489	<u>\$</u> -	(45,968,215)

GENERAL REVENUES

Real Property Taxes	14,328,100
Real Property Tax Items	2,284,591
Use of Money and Property	101,742
State Sources	24,059,895
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	134,103
Miscellaneous	362,060
Total General Revenues	41,270,491
Change in Net Position	(4,697,724)
Total Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	(6,898,632)
Total Net Position (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ (11,596,356)

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Major Funds			
		Special Revenue Funds		
		Special	School	
	General	Aid	Lunch	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	
ASSETS				
Cash - Unrestricted	\$ 2,592,335	\$ 179,387	\$ 136,444	
Cash - Restricted	5,072,373		15,379	
Due from Other Funds	1,191,414	59,864	32,417	
State and Federal Aid	1,298,806	519,841	43,950	
Due from Other Governments	199			
Other	274,580		217	
Inventories			21,314	
Total Assets	\$ 10,429,707	\$ 759,092	\$ 249,721	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 828,306	\$ 1,499	\$ 13,764	
Accrued Liabilities	12,977	700	1,525	
Due to Other Funds	470,210	747,893	141,810	
Due to Other Governments	2		5	
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	1,493,974			
Due to Employees' Retirement System	117,772			
Compensated Absences Payable	55,076			
Unearned Revenues	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9,000	11,757	
Total Liabilities	2,978,317	759,092	168,861	
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable			21,314	
Restricted	4,993,980		59,546	
Assigned	804,269			
Unassigned	1,653,141			
Total Fund Balances	7,451,390	<u> </u>	80,860	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 10,429,707	\$ 759,092	\$ 249,721	

Major Funds		
Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
\$	\$	\$ 2,908,166
4,932,013	527,474	10,547,239
849,410	326,564	2,459,669
		1,862,597
		199
	2,175	276,972
		21,314
\$ 5,781,423	\$ 856,213	\$ 18,076,156
\$	\$	\$ 843,569
<u> </u>	\$	<u>\$ 843,569</u> 15,202
308,234	791,522	2,459,669
500,254	191,522	7
		1,493,974
		117,772
		55,076
		20,757
308,234	791,522	5,006,026
		21,314
5,473,189	64,691	10,591,406
		804,269
		1,653,141
5,473,189	64,691	13,070,130
\$ 5,781,423	\$ 856,213	\$ 18,076,156

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 13,070,130
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Pobecause:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in Governmental	Activities are not	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Total Historical Cost	\$ 84,937,047	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(31,376,551)	53,560,496
The School District's proportionate share of the collective net pension a	asset/liability is not	
reported in the funds.	¢ 0.201.492	
TRS Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share	\$ 2,391,482	(2000012)
ERS Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share	(2,687,525)	(296,043)
Deferred outflows of resources, including deferred charges on defeased d OPEB, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods is not reported in the funds. Deferred inflows of resources, including per represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and reported in the funds. Deferred Charges on Defeased Debt Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB ERS Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension ERS Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension TRS Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension TRS Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension	ods and, therefore, nsions and OPEB,	11,328,352
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in	the current period	
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds Payable	\$ (21,030,000)	
Installment debt payable	(793,055)	
Premium on Obligations	(3,241,612)	(25,064,667)
Certain accrued obligations and expenses reported in the Statement of N require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not repo the funds. Compensated Absences Other Postemployment Benefits Liability		
Accrued Interest on Long-term Debt	(105,116)	(64,194,624)
Net (Deficit) of Governmental Activities		\$ (11,596,356)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Major Funds		
	Special Revenue H		
		Special	School
	General	Aid	Lunch
	Fund	Fund	Fund
REVENUES			
Real Property Taxes	\$14,328,100	\$	\$
Other Tax Items	2,282,279		
Nonproperty Taxes	2,312		
Charges for Services	41,310		
Use of Money and Property	86,039		550
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	26,734		
Miscellaneous	360,005		4,945
State Sources	23,944,270	280,449	52,608
Federal Sources	33,772	1,042,929	590,128
Sales - School Lunch			231,427
Total Revenues	41,104,821	1,323,378	879,658
EXPENDITURES			
General Support	3,788,750		
Instruction	22,274,327	1,275,612	437,103
Pupil Transportation	1,788,510	52,931	
Community Services	18,741		
Employee Benefits	9,431,279	36,041	179,151
Debt Service:			
Principal	3,317,089		
Interest	1,083,651		
Cost of Sales			354,277
Capital Outlay			
Total Expenditures	41,702,347	1,364,584	970,531
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	(597,526)	(41,206)	(90,873)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)			
Premium on Obligations			
Proceeds of Obligations			
Operating Transfers In	308,234	41,206	
Operating Transfers (Out)	(141,206)		
Total Other Sources (Uses)	167,028	41,206	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(430,498)	-	(90,873)
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	7,881,888		171,733
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 7,451,390	\$-	\$ 80,860

Major l	Funds	
Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
\$	\$	\$ 14,328,100
		2,282,279
		2,312
		41,310
15,153		101,742
		26,734
		364,950
		24,277,327
		1,666,829
		231,427
15,153		43,323,010
65,573		3,854,323
		23,987,042
		1,841,441
		18,741
		9,646,471
		3,317,089
		1,083,651
		354,277
	100,000	100,000
65,573	100,000	44,203,035
(50,420)	(100,000)	(880,025)
109,118		109,118
	650,000	650,000
	143,545	492,985
(351,779)		(492,985)
(242,661)	793,545	759,118
(293,081)	693,545	(120,907)
5,766,270	(628,854)	13,191,037
\$ 5,473,189	\$ 64,691	\$ 13,070,130

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (120,907)
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental Funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.Capital Asset Additions\$ 1,324,466Gain on Sale of Equipment107,369Depreciation Expense(2,639,979)	(1,208,144)
Changes in the School District's proportionate share of net pension assets/liabilities have no effect on current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds. In addition, changes in the School District's deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions do not affect current financial resources and are also not reported in the Governmental Funds. ERS \$ (488,011) (1,638,920)	(2,126,931)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, but issuing debt increases long- term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	
Proceeds of Debt\$ (650,000)Proceeds of Installment Purchase Debt(945,144)Premiums on Obligations(109,118)Principal Payments - Installment Purchase Debt152,089Principal Payments3,165,000	1,612,827
Long-term obligations, such as those associated with compensated absences, are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Therefore expenses which result in an (increase) or decrease in these long-term obligations are not reflected in the Governmental Fund financial statements. This is the change in the amount that is reported in the Statement of Activities. In addition, changes in the School District's deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits do not affect current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds. Change in Compensated Absences	
Change in Compensated Absences\$ (274,991)Other Postemployment Benefits Obligations(2,808,086)	(3,083,077)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds. This is the amount of change from the prior year. Amortization of Charges on Defeased Debt \$ (136,245)	
Amortization of Bond Premium318,889Change in Accrued Interest Payable45,864	228,508
Net Change in Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities	\$ (4,697,724)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

Private Purpose	
_	Agency
	Funds
\$	\$ 369,426
105,369	
100	5,627
105,469	\$ 375,053
	\$ 133,767
100	241,286
100	241,280
100	\$ 375,053
	<i> </i>
\$ 105,369	
	Purpose Trust Fund \$ 105,369 100 105,469 100 100

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	
ADDITIONS		
Gifts and Contributions	\$ 1,350	
Investment Earnings	 155	
Total Additions	 1,505	
DEDUCTIONS		
Scholarships and Awards	 3,280	
Total Deductions	 3,280	
Change in Net Position	(1,775)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	 107,144	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 105,369	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Homer Central School District (the School District) have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) for governments, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Reporting Entity

Essentially, the primary function of the School District is to provide education for pupils. Services such as transportation of pupils, administration, finance and plant maintenance support the primary function.

The School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The School District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education (Board) consisting of 9 members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the School District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The financial reporting entity consists of the following, as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended.

- The primary government, which is the Homer Central School District;
- Organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and
- Other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the School District. The School District is not a component unit of another reporting entity.

The decision to include a potential component unit in the School District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the Extraclassroom Activity Funds are included in the School District's reporting entity.

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Homer Central School District represent funds of the students of the School District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the School District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds can be obtained from the School District's office, located at 80 S. West Street, Homer, New York 13077.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Joint Venture

The Homer Central School District is one of 23 component school districts in the Onondaga-Cortland-Madison Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of School Districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs that provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§ 1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law (GML).

A BOCES budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component School Districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which their students participate.

Separate financial statements of Onondaga-Cortland-Madison BOCES may be obtained by contacting the Business Office, Onondaga-Cortland Madison BOCES, 110 Elwood Davis Road, Liverpool, NY 13088.

Basis of Presentation - District-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the School District's Governmental Activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental Activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the School District at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's Governmental Activities. Direct expenses are those specifically associated with and clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including Fiduciary Funds. Separate statements for each fund category (Governmental and Fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of Governmental Fund financial statements is on major Governmental Funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following Major Governmental Funds:

- General Fund: This is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions not required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Special Revenue Funds: These funds account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special revenue funds include the following:
 - Special Aid Fund: Used to account for proceeds received from state and federal grants that are restricted for special educational programs.
 - School Lunch Fund: Used to account for child nutrition activities whose funds are restricted as to use.
- Capital Projects Fund: Accounts for the financial resources used for the renovation of the School District's educational complex.
- Debt Service Fund: Accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of Governmental Activities.

Fiduciary activities are those in which the School District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the School District and are not available to be used.

The School District reports the following Fiduciary Funds:

- Private-Purpose Trust Fund: Accounts for Scholarship Funds awarded to individual students. These activities, and those of the Agency Funds described below, are not included in the District-wide financial statements because their resources do not belong to the School District and are not available to be used.
- Agency Funds: Strictly custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the School District as agent for various student groups or Extraclassroom Activity Funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The District-wide and Fiduciary Fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from state aid is recognized in the fiscal year it is apportioned by the state. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The Governmental Fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers all revenues reported in the Governmental Funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Cash and Investments

The School District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. New York State law governs the School District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the state and its municipalities and school districts. Investments are stated are fair value.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided, as it is believed that such allowance would not be material. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Due To/From Other Funds

Eliminations have been made for amounts due to and due from within the same fund type. A detailed description of the individual fund balances at year end is provided subsequently in these notes.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value, which approximates fair value. Purchases of inventory items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and are considered immaterial in amount. Prepaid items represent payments made by the School District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and Governmental Fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A portion of fund balance equal to inventories and prepaid amounts is reported as nonspendable, as these assets are not in spendable form in the current period.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost for acquisitions subsequent to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 34. For assets acquired prior to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 34, estimated historical costs, based on appraisal and research of the School District's accounting records, were used. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value at the time received.

The School District depreciates capital assets using the straight-line method. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide financial statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold		Estimated
			Useful Life
Buildings	\$	50,000	50 Years
Building Improvements		50,000	20-50 Years
Site Improvements		25,000	20 Years
Furniture and Equipment		5,000	5-15 Years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Vested Employee Benefits - Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick and vacation leave.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Sick leave use is based on a last-in, first-out (LIFO) basis. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

School District employees are granted vacation time in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," the liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the Governmental Fund financial statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

School District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the School District provides health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors. Substantially all of the School District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the School District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the School District and the retired employee. The School District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure or operating transfer to other funds in the General Fund, in the year paid.

The School District follows GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions." The School District's liability for other postemployment benefits has been recorded in the Statement of Net Position, in accordance with the statement. See Note 11 for additional information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the School District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incidence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the School District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenues is removed and revenues are recorded.

Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, it is the School District's policy to apply restricted funds before unrestricted funds, unless otherwise prohibited by legal requirements.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the District-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgements, other postemployment benefits payable, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the governmental funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the School District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

Equity Classifications - District-Wide Financial Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted Consists of resources with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Consists of all other resources that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Equity Classifications - Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Constraints are broken into five classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. These classifications serve to inform readers of the financial statements of the extent to which the School District is bound to honor any constraints on specific purposes for which resources in a fund can be spent.

- Nonspendable Consists of assets inherently nonspendable in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact; including prepaid items, inventories, long-term portions of loans receivable, financial assets held for resale and endowments principal.
- Restricted Consists of amounts subject to legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other School Districts and enforced externally; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Most of the School District's legally adopted reserves are reported here.
- Committed Consists of amounts subject to a purpose constraint imposed by formal action of the School District's highest level of decision-making authority to the end of the fiscal year and requires the same level of formal action to remove said constraint.
- Assigned Consists of amounts subject to a purpose constraint representing an intended use established by the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, or their designated body or official. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund. In funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance.
- Unassigned Represents the residual classification of the School District's General Fund and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification should only be used to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending amounts restricted, committed or assigned for specific purposes.

Real Property Tax Law §1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain in the General Fund to no more than 4% of the next year's budgetary appropriations. Funds properly retained under other sections of law (i.e., reserve funds established pursuant to Education Law or GML) are excluded from the 4% limitation. The 4% limitation is applied to unrestricted fund balance (i.e., the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned classifications), minus appropriated fund balance, amounts reserved for insurance recovery, amounts reserved for tax reduction and encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance.

The Board of Education of the School District has not adopted any resolutions to commit fund balance. By resolution, the Board of Education is authorized to assign fund balance. The School District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Legally Adopted Reserves

Fund balance reserves are created to satisfy legal restrictions, plan for future expenditures or relate to resources not available for general use or appropriation. These reserve funds are established through Board action or voter approval, and a separate identity must be maintained for each reserve. Earnings on invested resources become part of the respective reserve funds; however, separate bank accounts are not necessary for each reserve fund. Reserves currently in use by the School District include the following:

- Capital Reserve (Education Law §3651) Used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a Capital Reserve Fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.
- Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve (GML §6-p) Used to reserve funds for the payment of employee benefits due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.
- Retirement Contribution Reserve (GML §6-r) Used to finance retirement contributions payable to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. This reserve may be established without voter approval and funded with budgetary appropriations, revenues not required by law to be paid into other funds or accounts, transfers from other Reserve Funds as permitted by law and other such funds as the school board may legally appropriate. Funds from this reserve may be expended without voter approval. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.
- Tax Certiorari Reserve (Education Law §3651.1-a) Used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Legally Adopted Reserves - Continued

- Workers' Compensation Reserve (GML §6-j) Used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses for administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within 60 days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or applied to the appropriations of the succeeding fiscal year's budget. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.
- Unemployment Insurance Reserve (GML §6-m) Used to pay the cost of reimbursement of the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within 60 days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or applied to the appropriations of the succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the School District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to indemnity pending claims may be transferred to any other Reserve Fund. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Property Taxes - Calendar

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1. For the year then ended June 30, 2020, the tax lien was issued on August 13, 2019. Taxes were collected during the period September 3, to October 31, 2019.

Property Taxes - Enforcement

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the counties of Cayuga, Onondaga, Cortland, and Tompkins. An amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the counties for enforcement is paid by the counties to the School District no later than the following April 1.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Interfund Transfers

The operations of the School District give rise to certain transactions between funds, including transfers, to provide services and construct assets. The amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Governmental Funds for interfund transfers have been eliminated from the Statement of Activities. A detailed description of the individual fund transfers that occurred during the year is provided subsequently in these notes.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District reports a deferred charge on defeased debt resulting from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price, which is amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. See Note 8 for detailed information. The School District reports deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits in the District-wide Statement of Net Position. The types of deferred outflows related to pensions and other postemployment benefits are described in Notes 10 and 11, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The types of deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits are described in Notes 10 and 11, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Future Changes in Accounting Standards

- GASB has issued Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities," effective for the year ending June 30, 2021. This statement improves guidance regarding identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and reporting purposes.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 87, "Leases," effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period," effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 90, "Majority Equity Interests An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61," effective for the year ending June 30, 2021.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations," effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020," effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.

The School District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

Note 2 **Participation in BOCES**

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District's share of BOCES income amounted to \$2,128,206. The School District was billed \$5,130,526 for BOCES administration and program costs. Financial statements for the OCM BOCES are available from their business office at 110 Elwood Davis Road, Liverpool, New York 13088.

Note 3 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Custodial Credit and Concentration of Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the School District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, State statutes govern the School District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these notes. GASB Statement No. 40 directs deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance, and the deposits are either uncollateralized or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the School District's name.

The School District's aggregate bank balances of \$14,547,655 are either insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the School District's name.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 3 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Custodial Credit and Concentration of Credit Risks Restricted cash consists of the following at June 30, 2020:

General Fund Reserves	\$ 4,993,980
Restricted for Debt	5,473,189
Restricted for Capital Projects	64,691
Restricted for School Lunch	 15,379
Subtotal	10,547,239
Private Purpose Trust Fund	 105,369
Total	\$ 10,652,608

Note 4 Other Receivables

Other receivables consisted of the following, which are stated at net realizable value:

	Description	Amount
General Fund	Reimbursements	\$ 274,580
School Lunch Fund	Sales	217
Capital Projects Fund	Reimbursements	 2,175
Total		\$ 276,972

Note 5 Interfund Balances and Activity

Interfund balances at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	Interfund	Interfund	Interfund	Interfund	
	Receivable	Payable	Revenues	Expenditures	
General Fund	\$ 1,191,414	\$ 470,210	\$ 308,234	\$ 141,206	
Special Aid Fund	59,864	747,893	41,206		
School Lunch Fund	32,417	141,810			
Debt Service Fund	849,410	308,234		351,779	
Capital Projects Fund	326,564	791,522	143,545		
Total	\$2,459,669	\$2,459,669	\$ 492,985	\$ 492,985	

The School District typically transfers to and from the General Fund for the School District's share of expenditures for a Special Aid Fund project and from the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund to the Debt Service Fund for payment of long-term debt. The School District also transfers funds from the Capital Reserve in the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund, as needed, to fund capital projects.

The School District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 6 Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reclassifications and Disposals	Ending Balance	
Capital Assets That Are Not Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 49,400	\$	\$	\$ 49,400	
Construction in Progress	2,063,927	100,000	(100,000)	2,063,927	
Total Nondepreciable Historical Cost	2,113,327	100,000	(100,000)	2,113,327	
Capital Assets That Are Depreciated:					
Buildings	80,487,733		100,000	80,587,733	
Furniture and Equipment	1,106,081	1,224,466	(94,560)	2,235,987	
Total Depreciable Historical Cost	81,593,814	1,224,466	5,440	82,823,720	
Total Historical Cost	83,707,141	1,324,466	(94,560)	84,937,047	
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings	(28,108,982)	(2,465,327)		(30,574,309)	
Furniture and Equipment	(829,519)	(174,652)	201,929	(802,242)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(28,938,501)	(2,639,979)	201,929	(31,376,551)	
Total Historical Cost, Net	\$ 54,768,640	\$(1,315,513)	\$ 107,369	\$ 53,560,496	

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Total	\$ 2,639,979
School Lunch Program	5,448
Pupil Transportation	265,912
Instruction	2,359,318
General Support	\$ 9,301

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 7 Short-Term Debt

The School District may issue revenue anticipation notes (RANs) and tax anticipation notes (TANs), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RANs and TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund. The School District did not issue or redeem any RANs or TANs during the year.

The School District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which insufficient or no provision is made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued. The School District did not issue or redeem any budget notes during the year.

The School District may issue bond anticipation notes (BANs), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date. BAN activity for the year is summarized below:

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Beginning Balance	Issı	ied	Redeemed	End Bala	0
2019 BAN - Capital Construction	2.35%	7/12/2019	\$ 693,545	\$	-	\$ (693,545)	\$	_
Total			<u>\$ 693,545</u>	\$		\$(693,545)	\$	
Interest Paid Interest Accrued in the Prior Year					\$	16,298 (15,673)		
Т	otal				\$	625		

Note 8 Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2020, the total outstanding indebtedness of the School District represented 26.68% of its statutory debt limit, exclusive of building aids. Long-term debt is classified as follows:

- Serial Bonds The School District borrows money in order to acquire land or equipment or construct buildings and improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets.
- Installment Purchase Debt During 2019-2020, the School District entered into installment purchase agreements for the purchase of school buses. The cost and net book value of assets acquired with installment purchase debt totaled \$945,144 and \$850,632, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 8 Long-Term Debt - Continued

The following is a summary of the School District's long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2020:

				Outstanding
	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	June 30, 2020
Refunding Bonds:				
Refunding Bonds	10/01/2010	02/15/2022	3.0% - 4.0%	\$ 1,560,000
Refunding Bonds	04/19/2016	03/15/2021	2.0% - 4.0%	210,000
Refunding Bonds	04/19/2016	03/15/2024	2.0% - 4.0%	4,855,000
Total Refunding Bonds				6,625,000
Serial Bonds:				
2017 Serial Bonds	06/08/2017	06/15/2032	3.0% - 5.0%	13,775,000
2019 Serial Bonds	06/17/2019	06/15/2034	5.0%	630,000
Total Serial Bonds				14,405,000
Plus: Unamortized Premium				3,241,612
Subtotal Bonds				24,271,612
Suctom Donab				21,271,012
Installment Purchase Debt	07/01/2019	07/01/2024	3.4%	793,055
Total				\$ 25,064,667

Interest expense on long-term debt during the year was comprised of:

Total	\$ 854,518
Less Amortization of Bond Premium	 (318,889)
Plus Amortization of Deferred Charges on Defeased Debt	136,245
Plus Interest Accrued in the Current Year	105,116
Less Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(135,307)
Interest Paid	\$ 1,067,353

Interest paid on the Serial Bonds varies from year to year, in accordance with the interest rates specified in the bond agreements.

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
Governmental Activities	Balance	Issued	Redeemed	Balance	One Year
Bonds	\$ 23,545,000	\$ 650,000	\$ (3,165,000)	\$ 21,030,000	\$ 3,085,000
Unamortized Premium	3,451,383	109,118	(318,889)	3,241,612	301,756
Installment Purchase Debt		945,144	(152,089)	793,055	152,089
Total	\$ 26,996,383	\$ 1,704,262	\$ (3,635,978)	\$25,064,667	\$3,538,845

Amounts

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 8 Long-Term Debt - Continued

The following is a summary of the maturity of long-term indebtedness:

	Se	erial Bonds				
Year		Principal	 Interest		Total	
2021	\$	3,085,000	\$ 931,800	\$	4,016,800	
2022		2,970,000	824,600		3,794,600	
2023		2,285,000	703,750		2,988,750	
2024		2,365,000	619,500		2,984,500	
2025		1,140,000	514,050		1,654,050	
2026-2030		6,620,000	1,940,975		8,560,975	
2031-Thereafter		2,565,000	185,450		2,750,450	
Total	\$	21,030,000	\$ 5,720,125	\$	26,750,125	
			Instal	lment		
Yea	ar Er	nding	Purchase Debt			
•	June	30,	Paym	ents		
	202	1	\$	152,0	89	
	2022	2		152,0	89	
	202	3		152,0	89	
	2024	4		336,7	88	

On April 19, 2016, the School District issued \$8,830,000 in general obligation bonds, with interest rates ranging between 1.5% and 4.0%. The School District issued the bonds to advance refund the \$8,830,000 of outstanding various general obligation bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.5 % to 4.0%. The School District used the net proceeds along with other resources to purchase U.S. government securities. These securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service on the refunded portion of the bonds. As a result, the \$8,830,000 in bonds is considered defeased and the liability has been removed from the financial statements. The outstanding principal of the defeased bonds was \$0 at June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 8 Long-Term Debt - Continued

A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Deferred charges on defeased debt are summarized as follows:

Governmental Activities	Issued	Redeemed	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year	
Deferred Charges on Defeased Debt	\$ 473,559	\$ -	\$ (136,245)	\$ 337,314	\$ 120,341

Note 9 Compensated Absences

Compensated absences represent the value of the earned and unused portion of the liability of compensated absences. This liability is liquidated from the General and School Lunch Funds.

Compensated absences balances and activity are summarized as follows:

	Ending	Due Within			
	Balance	Addition	s Deletions	Balance	One Year
Compensated Absences	\$ 2,123,355	\$ 280,0	56 \$ -	\$ 2,403,411	\$ 55,076

Changes to long-term compensated absences are reported net, as it is impractical to individually determine the amount of additions and deletions during the fiscal year.

Note 10 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems)

Plan Description and Benefits Provided Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)(System)

The School District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York (RSSL). The System is governed by a 10 member Board of Trustees. System benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a state statute. Additional information regarding the System, may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 10 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems) - Continued

Tier 3 and Tier 4 members are required by law to contribute 3% of salary to the System. Effective October 2000, contributions were eliminated for Tier 3 and 4 members with 10 or more years of service or membership. Effective January 1, 2010, Tier 5 members are required by law to contribute 3.5% of salary throughout their active membership. Effective April 1, 2012, Tier 6 members are required by law to contribute between 3% and 6% of salary throughout their active membership in accordance with a salary based upon salary earned. Pursuant to Article 14 and Article 15 of the RSSL, those member contributions are used to help fund the benefits provided by the System. However, if a member dies or leaves covered employment with less than 5 years of credited service for Tiers 3 and 4, or 10 years of credited service for Tiers 5 and 6, the member contributions with interest calculated at 5% per annum are refunded to the employee or designated beneficiary. Eligible Tier 1 and Tier 2 members may make member contributions under certain conditions pursuant to the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law and Article 11 of the RSSL. Upon termination of membership, such accumulated member contributions are refunded. At retirement, such accumulated member contributions can be withdrawn or are paid as a life annuity.

Plan Description and Benefits Provided Employees' Retirement System (ERS)(System) The School District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the RSSL. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The School District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244.

Generally, Tier 3, 4, and 5 members must contribute 3% of their salary to the System. As a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, eligible Tier 3 and 4 employees, with a membership date on or after July 27, 1973, who have ten or more years of membership or credited service with the System, are not required to contribute. Members cannot be required to begin making contributions or to make increased contributions beyond what was required when membership began. For Tier 6 members, the contribution rate varies from 3% to 6% depending on salary. Generally, Tier 5 and 6 members are required to contribute for all years of service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 10 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems) – Continued

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Systems' financial statements from which the Systems' fiduciary respective net position is determined are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. System member contributions are recognized when due and the employer has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value. For detailed information on how investments are valued, please refer to the Systems' annual reports.

Contributions

The School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The School District contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100% of the contributions required, and were as follows:

	 ERS	TRS
2020	\$ 452,385	\$ 1,631,738
2019	440,939	1,475,554
2018	444,713	1,777,175

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported the following asset/liability for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/liability was measured as of March 31, 2020 for ERS and June 30, 2019 for TRS. The total pension asset/liability used to calculate the net pension asset/liability was determined by an actuarial valuation. The School District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability was based on a projection of the School District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was derived from reports provided to the School District by the ERS and TRS Systems.

72)
82)
51%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 10 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems) – Continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District recognized pension expense of \$946,264 for ERS and \$3,035,222 for TRS in the District-wide financial statements. At June 30, 2020 the School District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
	ERS	TRS	ERS	TRS
Differences Between Expected and Actual				
Experience	\$ 158,172	\$ 1,620,646	\$	\$ 177,835
Changes of Assumptions	54,114	4,517,830	46,727	1,101,575
Net Differences Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	1,377,756			1,917,845
Changes in Proportion and Differences				
Between the School District's Contributions				
and Proportionate Share of Contributions	108,579	374,161	26,386	29,927
School District's Contributions Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date	117,772	1,394,466		
Total	\$1,816,393	\$ 7,907,103	\$ 73,113	\$ 3,227,182

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date, reported as deferred outflows of resources, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset/liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	ERS	TRS
2021	\$ 281,019	\$ 1,159,683
2022	411,967	146,394
2023	518,318	1,155,761
2024	414,204	775,298
2025		114,910
Thereafter	-	(66,591)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 10 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems) - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

	ERS	TRS
Measurement Date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019
Actuarial Valuation Date	April 1, 2019	June 30, 2018
Investment Rate of Return	6.8%	7.1%
Salary Increases	4.2%	1.9% - 4.72%
Cost of Living Adjustments	1.3%	1.3%
Inflation Rate	2.5%	2.2%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2018. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP 2018, applied on a generational basis.

For ERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015. For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 10 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems) - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions - Continued

For ERS, the long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expect future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized as follows:

	ERS	TRS
Measurement Date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019
Asset Type		
Domestic Equities	4.1%	6.3%
International Equities	6.2%	7.8%
Global Equities		7.2%
Real Estate	5.0%	4.6%
Private Equity/Alternative Investments	6.8%	9.9%
Absolute Return Strategies	3.3%	
Opportunistic Portfolio	4.7%	
Real Assets	6.0%	
Cash	0.0%	
Inflation-Indexed Bonds	0.5%	
Domestic Fixed Income Securities		1.3%
Global Fixed Income Securities		0.9%
Private Debt		6.5%
Real Estate Debt		2.9%
High-Yield Fixed Income Securities		3.6%
Mortgages and Bonds	0.8%	
Short-Term		0.3%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 10 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems) - Continued

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset/liability was 6.8% for ERS and 7.1% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based on the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset/liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.8% for ERS and 7.1% for TRS, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or higher than the current rate:

A

ERS	1% Decrease (5.8%)	Assumption (6.8%)	1% Increase (7.8%)
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability	\$ 4,932,368	\$ 2,687,525	\$ 620,016
TRS	1% Decrease (6.1%)	Current (7.1%)	1% Increase (8.1%)
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability	\$ 10,794,901	\$(2,391,482)	\$ (13,453,370)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension asset/liability of the employers as of the respective measurement dates were as follows:

	Dollars in Thousands	
	ERS	TRS
Measurement Date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019
Employers' Total Pension Asset/Liability	\$ 194,596,261	\$ 119,879,474
Plan Net Position	(168,115,682)	(122,477,481)
Employers' Net Pension Asset/Liability	\$ 26,480,579	\$ (2,598,007)
Ratio of Plan Net Position to the Employers' Total Pension Asset/Liability	86.4%	102.2%
Employers Total Tension Asset/Liaolity	80.470	102.270

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 10 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems) - Continued

Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Employee contributions are remitted monthly. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2020 through June 30, 2020 based on estimated ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$117,772.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are paid to the System in September, October, and November 2020 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the \$1,493,974.

Current Year Activity

The following is a summary of current year activity:

	Beginning Balance	Change	Ending Balance
ERS			
Net Pension Liability	\$ 704,214	\$ 1,983,311	\$ 2,687,525
Deferred Outflows of Resources	(518,224)	(1,298,169)	(1,816,393)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	270,244	(197,131)	73,113
Subtotal	456,234	488,011	944,245
TRS			
Net Pension Asset	(1,680,662)	(710,820)	(2,391,482)
Deferred Outflows of Resources	(9,159,553)	1,252,450	(7,907,103)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,129,892	1,097,290	3,227,182
Subtotal	(8,710,323)	1,638,920	(7,071,403)
Total	\$ (8,254,089)	\$ 2,126,931	\$ (6,127,158)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 11 **Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)**

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description - The School District's defined OPEB Plan (Plan) provides medical benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses in accordance with various employment contracts. The plan is a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the School District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the School Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. The Plan does not issue separate financial statements, because there are no assets legally segregated for the sole purpose of paying benefits under the Plan.

Benefits Provided - The School District provides healthcare benefits for eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefit terms are dependent of which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the School District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms.

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefit	220
Active Members	352
Total	572

Total OPEB Liability

The School District's total OPEB liability of \$61,741,173 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs - The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Single Discount Rate	2.21%
Salary Scale	Varies, based on NYS TRS & ERS
Rate of Inflation	2.20%
Marital Assumption	70.00%
Participation Rate	100% for Retirees 80.00% for Spouses
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	5.40% for 2019, Decreasing to an Ultimate Rate
	of 3.84% by 2075

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 11 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) - Continued

Total OPEB Liability - Continued

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer Weekly 20-Year GO Bond Index as of the measurement date (or the nearest business day thereto).

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the following:

- Mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 Teachers and General Employees Headcount-Weighted table projected fully generationally using MP-2018.
- Termination and retirement rates were based on NYS ERS assumptions first adopted on April 1, 2015 and NYS TRS assumptions first adopted on June 30, 2015.
- Medical trend rates are based on the 2018 Getzen model with initial trend rate of 5.40% decreasing gradually to an ultimate rate of 3.84% in 2075.
- Dental trend rates are based on an initial rate of 4.50% decreasing by 0.25% annually to an ultimate rate of 3.00%.
- Actual spousal health coverage election was used for existing retirees.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were consistent with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 75 and Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOPs).

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 45,804,821
Changes for the Year	
Service Cost	1,991,625
Interest Cost	1,653,067
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	287,127
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs	13,417,765
Benefit Payments	(1,413,232)
Net Change	15,936,352
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 61,741,173

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 11 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) - Continued

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability - Continued

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.51% at the measurement date of June 30, 2019 to 2.21% in June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School District, as well as what the School District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.21%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.21%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	% Decrease	Di	Discount Rate		1% Increase		
		(1.21%)	(2.21%)		(3.21%)			
Total OPEB Liability	\$	75,744,789	\$	61,741,173	\$	51,030,925		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School District, as well as what the School District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare Cost					
	10	1% Decrease		Trend Rate		1% Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	48,815,837	\$	61,741,173	\$	75,744,789	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$4,221,318.

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 251,236	\$ (382,991)	
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs	11,740,544	(7,040,952)	
Total	\$ 11,991,780	\$(7,423,943)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 11 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) - Continued

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ending June 30,	 Amount
2021	\$ 576,626
2022	576,626
2023	576,626
2024	576,626
2025	576,626
Thereafter	1,684,707

Current Year Activity

The following is a summary of current year activity:

	Beginning		Ending
	Balance	Change	Balance
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	\$ 45,804,821	\$ 15,936,352	\$ 61,741,173
Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	(11,991,780)	(11,991,780)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,560,429	(1,136,486)	7,423,943
Total Effect on Net Position	\$ 54,365,250	\$ 2,808,086	\$ 57,173,336

Note 12 Commitments and Contingencies

Risk Financing and Related Insurance - General Information

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to, but not limited to, torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; errors and omissions; natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

Risk Financing and Related Insurance - Health Insurance

The School District incurs costs related to an employee health insurance plan (Plan) sponsored by BOCES and its component districts. The Plan's objectives are to formulate, develop and administer a program of insurance to obtain lower costs for that coverage and to develop a comprehensive loss control program.

School districts joining the Plan must remain members for a minimum of one year; a member school district may withdraw from the Plan after that time by providing notice to the consortium prior to May 1, immediately preceding the commencement of the next school year. Plan members include 26 school districts, with the School District bearing a proportionate share of the Plan's assets and claims liabilities. Plan members are subject to a supplemental assessment in the event of deficiencies. If the Plan's assets were to be exhausted, members would be responsible for the Plan's liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 12 Commitments and Contingencies - Continued

Risk Financing and Related Insurance - Health Insurance - Continued

The Plan uses a reinsurance agreement to reduce its exposure to large losses on insured events. Reinsurance permits recovery of a portion of losses from the reinsurer, although it does not discharge the liability of the Plan as direct insurer of the risks reinsured.

The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made.

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$5,988,272.

The Plan financial statements may be obtained from Central New York Health Insurance Trust, 6820 Thompson Road, PO Box 4754, Syracuse, New York 13221.

Risk Financing and Related Insurance - Workers' Compensation

The School District is self-insured for workers' compensation claims. Judgments and claims are recorded when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the claim amount can be reasonably estimated. As of June 30, 2020, the School District had reserved \$1,066,543 in the General Fund to fund any claims. Workers' compensation charges for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$81,303.

Other Litigation

The School District is and may be a named party in certain litigations. The School District is being represented by legal counsel of the School District and insurance companies as applicable. In the opinion of School District officials and legal counsel, these claims are either adequately covered by insurance, will not result in material judgments against the School District, or will not be pursued and, accordingly, are not expected to have a material effect on the financial statements.

Other Items

The School District has received grants subject to audit by agencies of state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the School District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 13 Lease Obligations

The School District utilizes operating leases for the use of transportation equipment. The terms, interest rate, and annual payments for each lease are summarized below:

	Dated	Term	Interest Rate	Annu	al Payment
2019 Lease	7/3/2018	5 years	2.75%	\$	60,736
2019 Lease	7/3/2018	5 years	2.75%		14,695
2018 Lease	7/11/2017	5 years	2.80%		101,666
2017 Lease	8/30/2016	5 years	1.73%		107,976

Combined future minimum payments under these agreements are as follows:

Total	\$ 537,601
2023	75,431
2022	177,097
2021	\$ 285,073

The School District's operating lease expenses were \$285,073 for year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 14 Fund Balance Detail

At June 30, 2020, nonspendable, restricted, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the Governmental Funds was as follows:

	 General Fund	ool Lunch Fund	D	ebt Service Fund	_	al Projects Fund
Nonspendable						
Inventory	\$ 	\$ 21,314	\$		\$	<u> </u>
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ 21,314	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted						
Retirement Contribution Reserve	\$ 1,609,517	\$	\$		\$	
Unemployment Insurance Reserve	248,420					
Workers' Compensation Reserve	1,066,543					
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve	1,837,454					
Tax Certiorari Benefit Reserve	100,109					
Capital Reserve	131,937					
School Lunch		59,546				
Debt Service				5,473,189		
Capital Projects	 	 				64,691
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 4,993,980	\$ 59,546	\$	5,473,189	\$	64,691
Assigned						
Appropriated for Next Year's Budget	\$ 680,000	\$	\$		\$	
Encumbered for:						
General Support	113,117					
Instruction	5,184					
Pupil Transportation	5,708					
Employee Benefits	 260	 				<u> </u>
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 804,269	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Total Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 1,653,141	\$ 	\$		\$	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 15 Restricted Fund Balances

Portions of restricted fund balance are reserved and not available for current expenditures as reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The balances and activity of the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and School Lunch Fund reserves for the year ended June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	Beginning		Interest		Ending
Restricted Fund Balances	Balance	Additions	Earned	Appropriated	Balance
General Fund					
Retirement Contribution Reserve	\$ 1,607,215	\$	\$ 2,302	\$	\$ 1,609,517
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve	1,836,634		820		1,837,454
Unemployment Insurance Reserve	248,065		355		248,420
Workers' Compensation Reserve	1,066,067		476		1,066,543
Tax Certiorari Reserve	100,380	100,000	143	(100,414)	100,109
Capital Reserve	131,749		188		131,937
Total General Fund	\$4,990,110	\$ 100,000	\$ 4,284	\$ (100,414)	\$4,993,980
Debt Service Fund	\$5,766,270	\$ 109,118	\$ 15,153	\$ (417,352)	\$5,473,189
School Lunch Fund	\$ 157,920	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ (98,374)	\$ 59,546

Note 16 Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Deficit Net Position

At June 30, 2020, the District-wide Statement of Net Position had an unrestricted deficit net position of \$51,020,905. This is primarily the result of the requirement to record other postemployment benefit liability with no requirement or mechanism to fund this liability (see Note 11). The deficit is not expected to be eliminated during the normal course of operations.

Note 17 Tax Abatements

For the year ended June 30, 2020, property in the School District was subject to property tax abatements negotiated by the Cortland County Industrial Development Agency (CCIDA) and the Village of Homer (the Village).

CCIDA enters into PILOT agreements with businesses within Cortland County under New York State GML §858. Economic development agreements entered into by CCIDA can include the abatement of county, local, and school district taxes. In this case, negotiated abatements have resulted in reductions of property taxes, which CCIDA administers as a temporary reduction in the assessed value of the property involved. The abatement agreements generally stipulate a percentage reduction of property taxes, but sometimes stipulate a dollar value reduction in lieu of a percentage reduction.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 17 Tax Abatements - Continued

The Village entered into a property tax abatement agreement (Act) with a local business under Chapter 535 of the 1971 Laws of New York State for the purpose of encouraging economic growth. Under the Act, localities may grant property tax abatements of up to 100% of a business' property tax bill for the purpose of attracting or retaining businesses within their jurisdictions. The abatements may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to the Village.

Information relevant to disclosure of the programs for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Taxa	ble Assessed Value	Combined Tax Rates	Tax Value	PILOT Received	Taxes Abated
Cortland County Industrial Development Agency						
Forkey Construction & Fabricating Inc.	\$	1,701,000	20.48	\$ 34,831	\$ 17,416	\$ 17,416
NY Susquehanna & Western Railway		159,574	20.48	3,268	5,841	
Village of Homer						
Homer Housing Company		536,316	20.48	10,982	3,919	7,063
Total PILOT Agreements	\$	2,396,890		\$ 49,081	\$ 27,176	\$ 24,479

Note 18 Uncertainty

In March 2020, the COVID-19 coronavirus outbreak was declared a pandemic. Actions taken around the world to help mitigate the spread of the coronavirus included quarantines in certain areas and forced closures for certain types of public places and businesses. The coronavirus and actions taken to mitigate it have had, and are expected to continue to have, an adverse impact on the economies on the area in which the School District operates. The School District completed the school year in an online learning format and is beginning the 2020-2021 academic year in a partially online format. While it is unknown how long these conditions will last and what the complete financial effects to state government funding, which could negatively impact operating results in future periods.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COMPARED TO BUDGET (NON-U.S. GAAP) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original	Final		Variance Favorable
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Local Sources				
Real Property Taxes	\$ 14,274,750	\$ 14,274,750	\$ 14,328,100	\$ 53,350
Real Property Tax Items	2,337,654	2,337,654	2,282,279	(55,375)
Nonproperty Taxes	2,500	2,500	2,312	(188)
Charges for Services	51,143	51,143	41,310	(9,833)
Use of Money and Property	87,852	87,852	86,039	(1,813)
Sale of Property and				
Compensation for Loss	5,000	5,000	26,734	21,734
Miscellaneous	405,700	405,700	360,005	(45,695)
Total Local Sources	17,164,599	17,164,599	17,126,779	(37,820)
State Sources	25,020,143	25,020,143	23,944,270	(1,075,873)
Federal Sources	47,674	47,674	33,772	(13,902)
Total Revenues	42,232,416	42,232,416	41,104,821	(1,127,595)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Operating Transfers In	308,234	308,234	308,234	
Total Revenues and Other				
Financing Sources	42,540,650	42,540,650	\$ 41,413,055	\$ (1,127,595)
Appropriated Fund Balance	680,000	680,000		
Encumbrances Carried Forward from Prior Year	694,881	694,881		
Total Revenues, Appropriated Reserves, and Designated Fund Balance	\$ 43,915,531	\$ 43,915,531		

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET (NON-U.S. GAAP) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget
EXPENDITURES	Duuger	Duager
General Support		
Board of Education	\$ 25,717	\$ 22,346
Central Administration	207,146	211,127
Finance	553,871	585,141
Staff	147,229	165,918
Central Services	2,638,917	2,717,700
Special Items	377,929	399,825
Total General Support	3,950,809	4,102,057
Instruction		
Instruction, Administration, and Improvement	1,261,703	1,241,447
Teaching - Regular School	12,642,908	12,318,844
Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions	4,589,169	4,717,403
Occupational Education	1,190,915	1,190,509
Teaching - Special School	15,000	15,000
Instructional Media	1,443,277	1,463,814
Pupil Services	2,298,825	2,335,344
Total Instruction	23,441,797	23,282,361
Pupil Transportation	2,302,108	2,139,467
Community Services		18,741
Employee Benefits	9,897,517	9,830,959
Debt Service		
Principal	3,195,000	3,317,089
Interest	1,028,300	1,083,651
Total Debt Service	4,223,300	4,400,740
Total Expenditures	43,815,531	43,774,325
OTHER FINANCING USES		
Operating Transfers Out	100,000	141,206
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$ 43,915,531	\$ 43,915,531
Net Change in Fund Balance		

Fund Balance - Beginning of Year

Fund Balance - End of Year

Actual		Enc	umbrances	F	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
\$	20,372	\$		\$	1,974		
	207,768				3,359		
	543,384				41,757		
	163,718				2,200		
2	,479,044		113,117		125,539		
	374,464				25,361		
3	,788,750		113,117		200,190		
1	,219,493				21,954		
11	,774,356		3,976		540,512		
4	,566,924		1,080		149,399		
1	,185,290				5,219		
	9,503				5,497		
1	,417,058		128		46,628		
-	,101,703				233,641		
22	,274,327		5,184		1,002,850		
1	,788,510		5,708		345,249		
	18,741				-		
9	,431,279		260		399,420		
3	,317,089				_		
1	,083,651				-		
4	,400,740		-		-		
41	,702,347		124,269		1,947,709		
	141 200						
	141,206						
41	,843,553	\$	124,269	\$	1,947,709		
	(430,498)						
	,881,888						
\$ 7	/ 151 300						

\$ 7,451,390

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS NYSLRS PENSION PLAN FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Contractually Required Contribution	2020 \$ 452,385	2019 \$ 440,939	2018 \$ 444,713
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(452,385)	(440,939)	(444,713)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	-	-	-
School District's Covered Employee Payroll	3,337,638	3,216,078	3,214,082
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	13.6%	13.7%	13.8%

* Information unavailable at this time

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS NYSTRS PENSION PLAN FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	2020	2019	2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,394,466	\$ 1,631,737	\$1,475,554
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(1,394,466)	(1,631,737)	(1,475,554)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	-	-	-
School District's Covered Employee Payroll	15,738,894	15,350,301	15,056,673
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	8.9%	10.6%	9.8%

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$ 446,908	\$ 563,316	\$ 500,913	\$ 631,180	\$ 609,827	\$ 461,529	\$ 354,860
(466,908)	(563,316)	(500,913)	(631,180)	(609,827)	(461,529)	(354,860)
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3,112,302	3,220,366	3,064,569	3,183,592	3,251,047	3,099,768	3,184,951
14.4%	17.5%	16.3%	19.8%	18.8%	14.9%	11.1%

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$1,777,175	\$2,007,733	\$2,654,266	\$2,375,633	\$1,790,258	\$1,603,408	\$1,244,046
(1,777,175)	(2,007,733)	(2,654,266)	(2,375,633)	(1,790,258)	(1,603,408)	(1,244,046)
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15,163,309	15,141,275	15,142,989	14,619,280	15,120,422	14,432,115	14,432,088
11.7%	13.3%	17.5%	16.3%	11.8%	11.1%	8.6%

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSET/LIABILITY NYSERS PENSION PLAN FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,

	2020	2019
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset/Liability	0.0101490%	0.0099391%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability	\$ 2,687,525	\$ 704,214
School District's Covered Employee Payroll During the Measurement Period	3,337,638	3,216,078
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	80.5%	21.9%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Asset/Liability	86.4%	96.3%

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSET/LIABILITY NYSTRS PENSION PLAN FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,

	2020	2019
School District's Proportion of the		
Net Pension Asset/Liability	0.092051%	0.092943%
School District's Proportionate Share		
of the Net Pension Asset/Liability	\$ (2,391,482)	\$(1,680,662)
School District's Covered Employee Payroll		
During the Measurement Period	15,350,301	15,056,673
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension		
Asset/Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	15.6%	11.2%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a		
Percentage of the Total Pension Asset/Liability	102.2%	101.5%

2018	2017	2016	2015	
0.0102250%	0.0106162%	0.0116511%	0.0115939%	
\$ 330,008	\$ 997,521	\$ 1,870,036	\$ 391,671	
3,161,366	3,063,304	3,148,176	3,030,571	
10.4%	32.6%	59.4%	12.9%	
98.2%	94.7%	90.7%	97.9%	

2018	2017	2016	2015
0.095015%	0.098267%	0.100798%	0.098969%
\$ (722,205)	\$ 1,052,482	\$ (10,469,734)	\$(11,024,542)
15,163,609	15,141,275	15,142,989	14,619,280
4.8%	7.0%	69.1%	75.4%
100.7%	99.0%	110.5%	111.5%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	2020	2019	2018
Service Cost	\$ 1,991,625	\$ 1,554,922	\$ 1,616,075
Interest Cost	1,653,067	2,010,288	1,816,998
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	287,127	(492,417)	-
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs	13,417,765	(6,949,561)	(2,564,537)
Benefit Payments	 (1,413,232)	(1,404,494)	(1,073,198)
	15,936,352	(5,281,262)	(204,662)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	 45,804,821	51,086,083	51,290,745
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 61,741,173	\$ 45,804,821	\$ 51,086,083
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 19,329,874	\$ 15,756,668	\$ 17,585,722
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	319.41%	290.70%	290.50%

* Information is unavailable and will be present as it becomes available.

20	17	20	16	20	15	202	14	2	013	20	12	20)11
\$	*	\$	*	\$	*	\$	*	\$	*	\$	*	\$	*
	*		*		*		*		*		*		*
	*		*		*		*		*		*		*
	*		*		*		*		*		*		*
	*		*		*		*		*		*		*
	*		*		*		*		*		*		*
	*		*		*		*		*		*		*
	*		*		*		*		*		*		*
\$51,29	90,745		*		*		*		*		*		*
\$	*	\$	*	\$	*	\$	*	\$	*	\$	*	\$	*
	*		*		*		*		*		*		*

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Budget Basis of Accounting

Except as indicated below, budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. Encumbrances are not considered a disbursement in the financial plan or an expenditure in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP) based financial statements. Encumbrances reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments not expended at year-end, thereby ensuring that appropriations are not exceeded.

Annual legal budgets are not adopted for the Special Revenue Funds (Special Aid and School Lunch). Budgetary controls for the Special Aid Fund are established in accordance with applicable grant agreements. In addition, special aid funds may cover a period other than the School District's fiscal year. Budgetary controls for the School Lunch are established based on prior performance and anticipated future activity.

Note 2 **Budget Policies**

Budget policies are as follows:

- An annual operating budget is maintained for the General Fund, which is a Governmental Fund.
- The School District Administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The proposed budget includes proposed expenditures and the proposed means of financing. The Board must complete the proposed budget at least seven days prior to the public hearing at which it will be presented to the voters.
- The School District presents the proposed budget at a public hearing, conducted to obtain voters comments, seven to 14 days prior to the date of the School District's annual meeting and election. The School District's annual election must be held on the third Tuesday of May.
- Annual budgets adopted represent the legal limit on expenditures for that period. At the end of each year unexpended, unencumbered appropriations lapse. Encumbered appropriations do not lapse and are carried forward.
- Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level.
- All modifications of the budget must be approved by the Board of Education.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

Note 2 **Budget Policies - Continued**

• The Board may approve supplemental appropriations, subject to legal restrictions, during the fiscal year where additional revenues or expenditures not involved in the original adopted budget are identified. The following supplemental appropriations occurred during the year:

Final Budget	\$ 43,915,531
Original Budget	 43,915,531
Prior Year's Encumbrances	 694,881
Adopted Budget	\$ 43,220,650

Note 3 Reconciliation of the General Fund Budget Basis to U.S. GAAP

No adjustment is necessary to convert the General Fund's excess of expenditures and other uses over revenues and other sources on the U.S. GAAP basis to the budget basis as encumbrances are presented in a separate column and are not included in the actual results at June 30, 2020.

Note 4 Schedule of Changes in the School District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following is the discount rates in the current and prior period:

- *Note* 5 Schedules of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability The Schedules of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability, required supplementary information, will present ten years of information as it becomes available from the pension plans.
- *Note 6* Schedules of School District Contributions NYSLRS and NYSTRS Pension Plan and Schedules of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability

NYSLRS

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no significant legislative changes in benefits for April 1, 2019 actuarial valuation.

Changes of Assumptions

There were changes in the economic (investment rate of return, inflation, COLA, and salary scales) and demographic (pensioner mortality and active member decrements) assumptions used in the April 1, 2015 actuarial valuation. The salary scales for both plans used in the April 1, 2018 actuarial valuation were increased by 10%. The interest rate assumption was reduced to 6.8% and the mortality improvement assumption was updated to Societies of Actuaries' Scale MP-2018 for the April 1, 2019 actuarial valuation.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

Note 6 Schedules of School District Contributions - NYSLRS and NYSTRS Pension Plan and Schedules of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability - Continued

Methods and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions

The April 1, 2018 actuarial valuation determines the employer rates for contributions payable in fiscal year 2020. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used:

Actuarial Cost Method	The System is funded using the Aggregate Cost Method. All unfunded actuarial liabilities are evenly amortized (as a percentage of projected pay) over the remaining worker lifetimes of the valuation cohort.			
Asset Valuation Period	Five-year level smoothing of the difference between the actual gain and the expected gain using the assumed investment rate of return.			
Inflation	2.5%			
Salary Scale	3.8% in ERS, indexed by service.			
Investment Rate of Return	7.0% compounded annually, net of investment expenses, including inflation.			
Cost of Living Adjustments	1.3% annually.			

NYSTRS

Changes in Benefit Terms

Effective with the 2019 actuarial valuation an increase in the NYS Governor's salary limit from \$179,000 to \$200,000 per annum went into effect, impacting Tier 6 members. The Governor's salary limit may ultimately increase to \$250,000 phased in over the next two years.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

Note 6 Schedules of School District Contributions - NYSLRS and NYSTRS Pension Plan and Schedules of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability - Continued

NYSTRS - Continued

Changes of Assumptions

Actuarial assumptions are revised periodically to reflect more closely actual, as well as anticipated, future experience. The actuarial assumptions were revised and adopted by the Retirement Board on October 29, 2015 and first used in the 2016 determination of the Total Pension Liability.

The System's long-term rate of return assumption for purposes of the NPL is 7.10%, effective with the 2019 actuarial valuation. For the 2018 and 2017 actuarial valuations, the System's long-term rate of return assumption was 7.25%. For the 2016 actuarial valuation, the System's long-term rate of return assumption was 7.5%. Prior to the 2016 actuarial valuation, the System's long-term rate of return was 8.0%.

The System's assumed annual inflation rate is 2.2%, effective with the 2019 actuarial valuation. For the 2018 and 2017 actuarial valuations, the System's annual inflation assumption was 2.25%. For the 2016 actuarial valuation, the System's annual inflation assumption was 2.5%. Prior to the 2016 actuarial valuation, the System's annual inflation assumption was 3.0%.

Effective with the 2019 actuarial valuation, COLAs are projected to increase at a rate of 1.30% annually. Effective with the 2015 actuarial valuation, COLAs were projected to increase at a rate of 1.50% annually. Prior to the 2015 actuarial valuation, COLAs were projected to increase at a rate of 1.625% annually.

Effective with the 2019 actuarial valuation, the assumed scale for mortality improvement is changed from MP2014 to MP2018.

Effective with the 2019 actuarial valuation, there is a change in the actuarial valuation software that resulted in a slight change in the determination of Entry Age Normal Total Pension Liability and Service Cost.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

Note 6 Schedules of School District Contributions - NYSLRS and NYSTRS Pension Plan and Schedules of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability - Continued

NYSTRS - Continued

Methods and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of School District's Contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. Unless otherwise noted above, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the Schedule of the School District's Contributions.

Actuarial Cost Method	The System is funded in accordance with the Aggregate Cost Method, which does not identify no separately amortize unfunded actuarial liabilities Costs are determined by amortizing the unfunded present value of benefits over the average future working lifetime of active plan members, which currently for NYSTRS is approximately 13 years.			
Asset Valuation Method	Five-year phased-in deferred recognition of each year's net investment income/loss in excess of (or less than) the assumed valuation rate of interest at a rate of 20% per year, until fully recognized after five years.			
Inflation	2.25%			
Projected Salary Increases	Rates of increase differ based on age and gender. They have been calculated based upon recent NYSTRS member experience.			
	Service Rate			
	5 4.72%			
	15 3.46%			
	25 2.37%			
	35 1.90%			
Investment Rate of Return	7.25% compounded annually, net of investment			

7.25% compounded annually, net of investment expenses, including inflation.

Projected Cost of Living Adjustments

1.3% compounded annually.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET Adopted Budget Prior Year's Encumbrances		\$ -	43,220,650 694,881
Original Budget			43,915,531
Final Budget		\$	43,915,531
§1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION			
Next Year's Budget is a Voter Approved Budget	\$ 44,292,939		
2020-2021 Expenditure Budget Maximum Allowed (4% of 2020-2021 Bud	dget)	\$	1,771,718
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to §1318 of Real Property Tax Law			
Unrestricted Fund Balance:			
Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 804,269		
Unassigned Fund Balance	1,653,141		
Total Unrestricted Fund Balance	2,457,410		
Less:			
Appropriated Fund Balance	\$ 680,000		
Encumbrances Included in Assigned Fund Balance	124,269		
Total Adjustments	804,269		
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to §1318 of Real Property Tax La	\$	1,653,141	
Actual Percentage		3.73%	

SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Expenditures	
	Original	Revised	Prior	Current	
PROJECT TITLE	Budget	Budget	Years	Year	Total
Phase III 02-012	\$ 900,482	\$ 900,482	\$ 438,948	\$	\$ 438,948
HS Stadium Renovations 002-014	1,093,545	1,093,545	911,419		911,419
Bus Garage 5003-010	100,000	100,000	97,520		97,520
Bus Garage 5003-011	100,000	100,000	96,000		96,000
Bus Garage 5003-012	100,000	100,000		100,000	100,000
Totals	\$2,294,027	\$2,294,027	\$1,543,887	\$ 100,000	\$ 1,643,887

*Architectural and State Approved Budget Modifications for Subproject Reallocations Not Yet Finalized and Available at this Report Date.

	M	Fund		
Unexpended	Proceeds of	Local		Balance (Deficit)
Balance	Obligations	Sources	Total	June 30, 2020
\$ 461,534	\$ 315,033	\$	\$ 315,033	\$ (123,915) *
182,126	693,545	400,000	1,093,545	182,126 *
2,480		100,000	100,000	2,480 *
4,000		100,000	100,000	4,000 *
		100,000	100,000	
\$ 650,140	\$1,008,578	\$ 700,000	\$ 1,708,578	\$ 64,691

SCHEDULE OF NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Capital Assets, Net	\$ 53,560,496
Add:	
Deferred Charges on Defeased Debt	337,314
Deduct:	
Premium on Bonds	(3,241,612)
Short-term Portion of Bonds Payable	(3,085,000)
Short-term Portion of Installment Purchase Debt	(152,089)
Long-term Portion of Bonds Payable	(17,945,000)
Long-term Portion of Installment Purchase Debt	(640,966)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 28,833,143



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Homer Central School District Homer, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Homer Central School District (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 13, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

nseror G. CPA, LUP

Insero & Co. CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants

Ithaca, New York October 13, 2020



Certified Public Accountants | Business Advisors

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Education Homer Central School District Homer, New York

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Homer Central School District's (the School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District, complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that a type of compliance with a type of compliance teres are a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance teres and corrected, or a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

nseror Co. CPA, LUP

Insero & Co. CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants

Ithaca, New York October 13, 2020

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA #	Pass - Through Grantor #	Pass - Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures	_
U.S. Department of Education					
Passed Through NYS Department of Education:					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0021200570	\$	\$ 399,314	_
Special Education Cluster:					
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	0032200154		487,270	
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	0033200154		9,275	_
Total Special Education Cluster				496,545	_
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	0147200570		108,605	_
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	2004200570		38,465	
Total Department of Education				1,042,929	_
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Passed Through NYS Department of Education:					
Child Nutrition Cluster:					
National School Lunch Program	10.555	(1)		306,257	
School Breakfast Program	10.553	(1)		70,411	
COVID-19 Summer Food Service Program	10.559	(1)		213,460	_
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				590,128	_
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>-</u>	590,128	_
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,633,057	_

(1) Denotes - Unable to Obtain from Pass-Through Entity

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal awards programs administered by the School District, an entity as defined in Note 1 to the School District's basic financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through from other government agencies, are included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Note 2 Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting varies by Federal program consistent with the underlying regulations pertaining to each program. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in preparation of the financial statements.

Note 3 Indirect Costs

Indirect costs are included in the reported expenditures to the extent they are included in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented. The School District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Note 4 Matching Costs

Matching costs, such as the School District's share of certain program costs, are not included in the reported expenditures.

Note 5 Non-Monetary Federal Program

The School District is the recipient of a federal award program that does not result in cash receipts or disbursements termed a "non-monetary program." During the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District received \$70,975 worth of commodities under the National School Lunch Program (CFDA #10.555).

Note 6 Other Disclosures

No insurance is carried specifically to cover equipment purchased with federal funds. Any equipment purchased with federal funds has only a nominal value, and is covered by the School District's casualty insurance policies. There were no loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year end. No amounts were provided to subrecipients.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Summary of Auditors' Results Section I

Financial Statements

	Type of auditors' report issu	Unmodified	-	
	Internal control over financia	l reporting:		
	Material weakness(es) is	lentified?	yes	<u> X </u> no
	Significant deficiency(ies considered to be mater		yes	X none reported
	Noncompliance material	to financial statements noted?	yes	<u>X</u> no
	Federal Awards			
	Internal control over major p			
	Material weakness(es) is	yes	<u>X</u> no	
	Significant deficiency(ies considered to be mater	yes	X none reported	
	Type of auditors' report issu	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:		
	Any audit findings disclosed in accordance with 2 CFR	that are required to be reported 200.516(a)?	yes	<u>X</u> no
	Identification of major progr	ams		
	CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
	10.553, 10.555, 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster		
	Dollar threshold used to dist Programs:	\$ 750,000	-	
	Auditee qualified as low risk	X yes	no	
Section II	Financial Statement Findi	ngs	None	
Section III	Federal Award Findings a	None		